





2020

# Mazda CX-5

SKYACTIV-G 165 petrol 4x2 manual



Clean Air Index

**Energy Efficiency** Greenhouse Gas Index



Index



	Laboratory Test	NMHC	NO <sub>x</sub>	NΗ <sub>3</sub>	со	PN
<b>5.5</b> /10	Cold Test					
<b>6.5</b> /10	Warm Test					
<b>1.9</b> /10	Cold Ambient Test					
0.0/10	Highway					
	Road Test					
<b>5.8</b> /10	On-Road Drive					
0.0/8	On-Road Heavy Load					
<b>3.2</b> /5	On-Road Light Load					
<b>3.1</b> /5	On-Road Short Trip					
<b>1.0</b> /2	Congestion					
	Robustness					

## Comments

The CX-5 performs well in the cold test, with adequate control of all pollutants except particle number, where the car's lack of a GPF (gasoline particulate filter) is evident. The car also does well in most of the on-road tests. However, the pollution abatement system is not robust and, where high engine loads are required, values of CO and of particle number become excessive.

adequate marginal

weak

poor



# **Energy Efficiency Tests**

Laboratory	Test Energy		
<b>4.8</b> /10 Cold Test			
<b>5.4</b> /10 Warm Test			
3.9/10 Cold Ambient Te	st		
<b>2.6</b> /10 Highway			
	Consumption	Driving Range	
Average	<b>7.5</b> I/100 km	<b>758</b> km	
Worst-case	<b>8.6</b> I/100 km	<b>652</b> km	













#### **Comments**

The CX-5 scores quite well in this part of the assessment. Average consumption is 7.5 I/100 km, giving a range of some 760 km on a full tank. Efficiency drops only a little in the high-load test.

	Greenhouse gases	CO2	N <sub>2</sub> O	CH₄
<b>2.8</b> /7	Cold Test			
<b>3.2</b> /7	Warm Test			
<b>2.5</b> /7	Cold Ambient Test			
<b>2.1</b> /7	Highway			











good adequate marginal weak

poor

#### **Comments**

The CX-5 shows good control of two of the most potent greenhouse gases: Methane (CH<sub>4</sub>) and Nitrous Oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O). The latter is not regulated by legislation and the low values recorded contribute towards the creditable score of 3.7 in this part of the assessment.



### **Our Verdict**

Originally launched in 2012 as Mazda's offering in the highly competitive compact crossover SUV segment, the car tested here is the second generation model released in 2017. With a 121 kW 2.0 litre Skyactiv engine, the car has a three-way catalyst but no gasoline particulate filter. Under normal test conditions, the car performs well for pollutant abatement, with good control of most emissions. However, when the engine is pushed, as it is in Green NCAP's robustness tests, emissions control deteriorates and values of CO and particulates become very high. However, emissions of some important greenhouse gases are tightly controlled and the vehicle scores relatively well in that part of the assessment. All in all, a balanced performance that earns the CX-5 a two-star overall rating.

### Disclaimer

**Publication Date** 

Mass 1,520 kg

**Tested Car** JMZKF6W760085xxxx

**Engine Size** 

**Engine Power/Torque** 

Battery Capacity **Published Driving Range** 

**Emissions Class** Tyres 225/55 R19 99V

> Published CO<sub>2</sub> 168 g/km

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